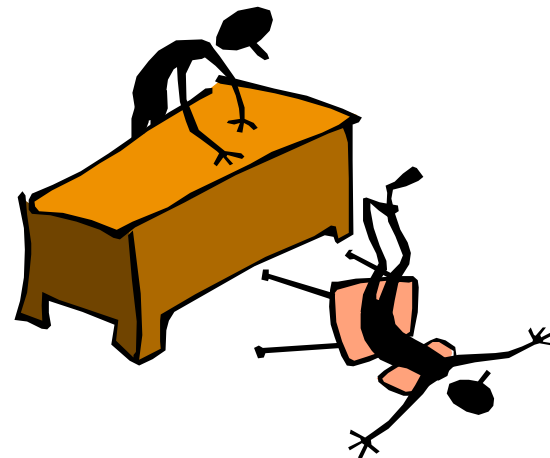


# Implementing the nationwide Calvary Healthcare Falls risk Minimisation policy in Canberra....

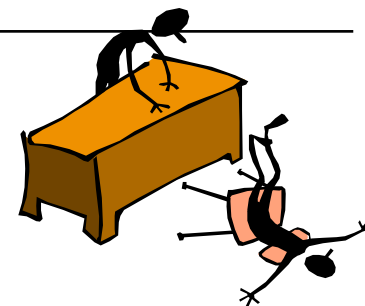
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Claire Schofield  
Calvary Hospital ACT  
Falls Committee



# Little Company of Mary Health Care (LCMHC)...

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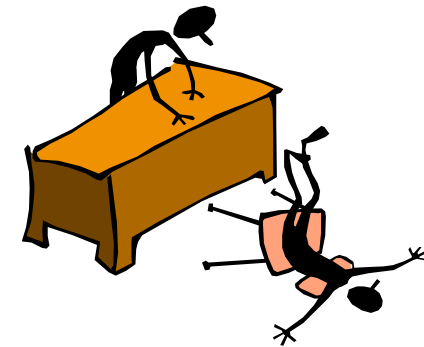
- Over 16 hospitals in New South Wales, Victoria, Tasmania, South Australia and the ACT
- 2005 LCMHC National Falls working party was formed
- Aim – LCMHC complied with Falls prevention best practice.
- Policy completed 2006. Included guidelines for the Acute setting, Subacute setting and Aged Care (residential and home-based)
- March 2007 – training of local key staff
- June 2007 – official role out in ACT – included Clare Holland House, Calvary Bruce campus and Calvary John James

# The Policy – in brief... (acute and subacute)

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## ○ 7 areas

- Assessment
- Falls risk minimisation Interventions
- Post Fall Management
- Discharge Planning
- Education
- Evaluation and Monitoring
- Environmental Audit and review

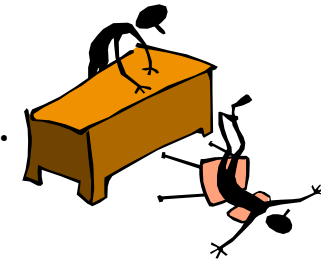


# The Policy – in brief... (acute and subacute)

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- **Identification of falls risk level on admission...**

- Admission risk screening tool
- FRAT – identifies level of risk and appropriate interventions



- Targeted and individualised falls risk minimisation plan

- Colour coded labels - walking frames, above bed
- Level specific care strategies
- Education – staff, patient, family

- Post fall patients

- Appropriate evaluation and treatment RE the cause of fall
- Appropriate evaluation and treatment RE any injuries sustained in the fall



# Admission risk screening tool...

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- 7 areas – falls, pressure ulcers nutrition, dvt, anxiety, discharge planning, polypharmacy
- 5 falls questions
  - Fall contributing to Admission
  - History of falls within last 12 months
  - Cognitive impairment
  - Unsteady , requires supervision or assistance with transfers or mobility
  - History of incontinence

# Acute Falls Risk Assessment Tool (FRAT)

[Adapted from Queensland Health's Falls Risk Assessment Tool]

**Calvary Health Care ACT**

CH-1132 (04/07) Trial until Oct 2007



ATTACH PATIENT LABEL

URN: .....

Surname: .....

Given names: .....

D.O.B. ....

CATEGORIES	RATING SCALE				Date	Date	Date
	0	1	2	3	/ /	/ /	/ /
<b>Falls History</b>	No falls in last year	Fall in last 6 months	Fall in last 3 months	<b>Fall in last month – Default to High Risk</b>	Score	Score	Score
<b>Days Since Admission</b>	On Admission	Up to 7 days	8 – 14 days	Over 14 days			
<b>Age</b>	0 – 19 years	20 – 59 years	60 – 70 years	> 70 years			
<b>Balance</b>	Chair/bedfast, stand & pivot with help	Needs assistive device +2 people	Ambulates with assistive device +/- 1 person	Ambulates without assistance/device			
<b>Mental State</b>	Oriented to time, place and person	Oriented to place and person	Oriented to person	Disoriented &/or impaired judgment &/or impulsive			
<b>General Health</b>	Well nourished, normal sleep pattern	Poor appetite &/or sleep disturbance	Severe sleep disturbance	Malnourished, weight loss			
<b>Vision</b>	Normal	Wears glasses	Blurred vision, cataract, glaucoma	Severe visual disturbance or blindness			
<b>Speech</b>	Normal	Speech defect but understood	Dysphasia/language barrier	Severe defects or severe language barrier			
<b>Medications</b>	No effectors	CV effectors eg. betablockers, diuretics, anti-hypertensives	CNS effectors eg. tranquillisers, sedatives, psychotropics	Both CV & CNS effectors			
<b>Chronic illness</b>	None	1 Chronic condition	>1 Chronic condition	Multiple illnesses			
<b>Incontinence</b>	None	Increased frequency	Nocturia, stress incontinence	Urge incontinence, indwelling catheter			
<b>Score Assessment: 0 – 10 = Low Risk    11 – 20 = Medium Risk    21 – 33 = High Risk</b>					<b>Total Score:</b>		
<b>Reassessment Due:</b>					<b>Initial:</b>		
Name & Signature:		Initial:    Dsgn:	Name & Signature:		Initial:    Dsgn:	Name & Signature:	
<b>On completion of Assessment please turn page and implement recommendations</b>							



# Back side of FRAT interventions include...

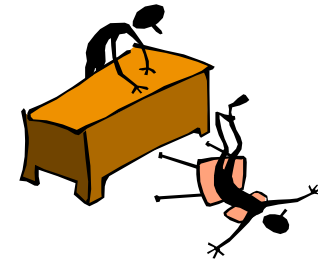
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- Low falls risk
  - Consider environmental risks and address
  - Fully orientate the patient to their new surroundings
  - Ensure patient wears non-slip footwear and it is within reach
  - Ensure bed brakes are functional and on
- Medium falls risk
  - Consider the need for additional lighting
  - Discuss falls risk with patient and family
  - Implement toileting regime if appropriate
- High falls risk
  - Do not leave patient alone in bathroom
  - Implement “out of bed” alarm if appropriate

# The Policy – in brief... (acute and subacute)

---

- Identification of falls risk level on admission...
  - Admission risk screening tool
  - FRAT – identifies level of risk and appropriate interventions
- Targeted and individualised falls risk minimisation plan
  - Colour coded labels - walking frames, above bed
  - Level specific care strategies
  - Education – staff, patient, family
- Post fall patients
  - Appropriate evaluation and treatment RE the cause of fall
  - Appropriate evaluation and treatment RE any injuries sustained in the fall





# Plan of implementation ...in ACT

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## ○ Model

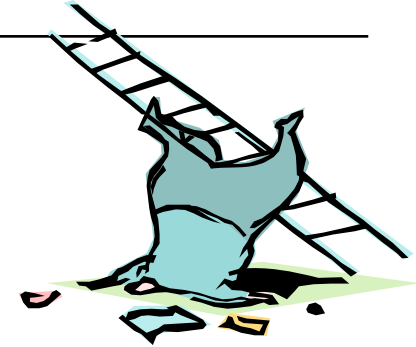
- Site Co-ordinator... 1-2 per physical site
- Clinical managers – CNCs & CDNs
- Clinical Champions – 1-2 on each ward



# Plan of implementation ...in ACT

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- Local falls committee revamped
  - Develops local procedures in accordance with national policy
  - Co-ordinating local implementation
  - Local modification of Learning packages
  - E-Learning .... coming
  
- Training for Champions.. Specific training for each of the following...
  - Site Champions...
  - Clinical champions...



# Plan of implementation ...in ACT

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## ○ Wards

- Each given starter package – FRAT, coloured risk indicators, orange arm bands, policy and learning package
- Staff on “high risk” areas attended inservice



## ○ General public

- Display/information boards in strategic location

# How did it go

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A huge struggle

OR



A walk in the Park



# Preliminary results

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- Survey of participation 3 months after implementation
  - ACRS - ARS and FRAT attempted but not 100% completed
  - 5<sup>th</sup> floor – 85% ARS completed, 20% FRAT attempted
  - 6<sup>th</sup> floor – 75% ARS , 0% FRAT
  - OPMH – ARS completed. FRAT ½ completed
  - 4<sup>th</sup> Floor/ICU/CCU – 0%

***Lessons learnt... ARS completion is essential for the process to start***



# Hiccups

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- Awareness/knowledge
  - clinical and site champions good initial education as did staff on “high risk” wards
- Implementation
  - Local falls committee no power to make implementation happen
  - Staff busy – not high priority
- Communication
  - Better channels between falls committee and site champions
  - Falls committee and CNC/CDNs



# Future Plans

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- Patient brochure
- Patient falls package on initial identification of med-high risk
- E-learning tool
- Ward Area “dash-board” to include monthly results of ARS, FRAT and falls incidence



# Future Goals

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- 80% of clinical staff in targeted areas will receive education regarding the implementation and on going requirements of the falls minimisation program.
- 100% of patients in targeted areas will have a falls risk screen attended on admission and a falls risk assessment completed (if required) after initial risk assessment
- Good reporting with riskman...