Stepping On with Recovery:

Reducing Falls Risk and Improving Health and Wellbeing in **Community Mental Health.**

Mandy Meehan & Diane Grayshon



Falls are the leading cause of unintentional injury in older adults in Australia. Current evidence suggests people with serious and enduring mental illness fall more than any aged-matched population (Scanlon, Wheatley & Mcintosh, 2014).

Research has demonstrated a correlation between depression, anxiety and falls risk. There are several studies on falls in mental health inpatient units, however little information regarding falls in community mental health settings. Mental Health fall risk factors can include; diagnostic and co-morbidities (including drug and alcohol), medication (particularly antidepressants and psychotropic medications), mental state (agitation, impulsivity, poor judgement, decrease alertness / concentration), behavioural, social and health factors (low income, social isolation, poor nutrition, smoking, diabetes and obesity).

Falls pose a challenge for consumers who live independently in the community, with many suffering injurious falls and hospitalisation. We know that falls are a catalyst for disability in older adults and this has been observed in younger consumers with enduring mental illness. People living with mental illness have poorer physical health, yet they receive less and lower quality health care than the rest of the population. As a result people with psychosis die between 14 and 23 years earlier than the general population.

Mental Health Services have an important responsibility in empowering consumers to improve their mental health and physical wellbeing. Effective health promotion, prevention and early intervention with a recovery focus will help people living with mental illness live healthy, contributing lives, both socially and economically. (NMHC Equally Well, 2016).



Stepping On is an evidence based falls prevention program, resulting in a 31% reduction in falls over 14 months. Run over seven weeks, Stepping On employs cognitive behavioral techniques and mixed adult learning

This design promotes self efficacy by encouraging the regular uptake of exercise and self assessment of

Stepping On has been employed successfully by Older People's Mental Health Services (OPMHS) across NSW and proven very effective at reducing falls, anxiety and increasing participant confidence

At Ryde OPMHS Stepping On Groups are a component of our Health & Wellness Program: Bridging the gap between Mental Health and Physical Health.

- The program has expanded to include consumers 50+ in recognition of the fall risk in adults with enduring mental illness after a successful pilot in 2015.
- ~ It is recognised that many of our consumers require additional time to engage. master exercise skills and learn new concepts.
- ~ The structure of Stepping On has been maintained, but delivered at a slower pace. Topics are introduced 1 per session. The pathway program on offer encourages good health, raises awareness of safety and help consumers to make choices with the support of their peers. Falls safety messages are repeated at each stage
- ~ Challenges include; transport costs and availability, participant motivation and confidence to attend falls prevention programs, lack of self awareness of falls risk, lack of resources and low cost programs available (particularly for the
- ~ Links to community networks and programs are an essential component to ongoing success.
- After a successful Yoga pilot study in 2013 we have again secured additional funding for 8 weeks of yoga in 2018/2019 following a falls competition win!
- ~ Employment of an Exercise Physiologist at NorthShore Ryde Mental Health Services has led to opportunities for consumers to attend ongoing falls exercise classes 1 x week. We hope to add this to our program in 2019.
- These initiatives ensures the pathway for engagement and change in physical health is better maintained.





Mandy Meehan is an Occupational Therapist and is currently the Team Leader at the Ryde Older People's Mental Health Service. Mandy has an interest in the development and implementation of education and support to staff to enable the delivery of innovative, high quality, evidence based clinical care with a particular interest in person centred recovery focused, physical health and falls prevention for mental health consumers. Mandy represents Mental Health at NSLHD falls prevention committee and the NSW Falls Prevention Advisory Committee.

STEPPING ON WITH RECOVERY

Stepping On with Recovery - The Stats!

- ~ 9 Stepping On with Recovery Groups (between 2013 2018)
- 90 Consumers have attended Stepping On since 2013
- ~ AGE RANGE of participants from 55yo to 93yo
- Groups have been beneficial for both older and younger consumers with mood disorders and anxiety as well as those with enduring mental illness
- 16 consumers have repeated the program as either a refresher or to build on their knowledge, master skills and lower their risk of falls.

Outcome Measures

(Near Tandem Stance, Sit to Stand, Timed Up and Go)

- 100% of participants that completed the program gained improvements in both strength and balance scores

Younger Consumers:

- All participants had very poor balance scores, which improved significantly.
- ~ Strength was within normal range, which improved upon completion of the
- ~ Walking speed was reduced in most participants as they adopted the heel toe gait, scanned and displayed increased environmental awareness.



Scanlon, J., Wheatley, J., & Macintosh, S. (2014). Characteristics of falls in inpatient psychiatric units. Australian Psychiatry, 4

Stepping On with Recovery

An Update

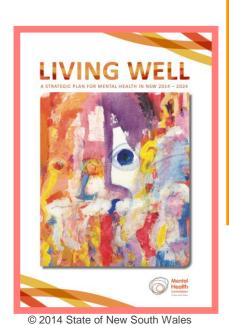
Mandy Meehan Team Leader Ryde OPMHS

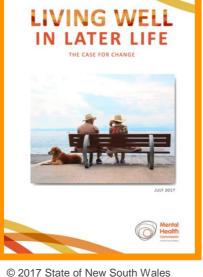


STEPPING ON WITH RECOVERY

STEPPING ON Clemson & Swan, 2008

LINKING COMMUNITY MENTAL HEALTH CONSUMERS TO EVIDENCE BASED FALLS PREVENTION





Wellness
Clinics
Centre Based
&
Outreach

Studio Men / Women's Health Group

Stepping On @The Studio

Exercise with Healthy Lifestyle Program

equality of life — equality in life



Improving the physical health and wellbeing of people living with mental illness in Australia

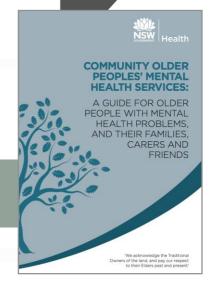
Australian Government

National Mental Health Commission

National Mental Health Commission: Equally Well Consensus Statement: Improving the physical health and wellbeing of people living with mental illness in Australia, Sydney NMHC, 2016



Physical Health & Falls Prevention



Understanding Falls in Community Dwelling Adults with Enduring Mental Illness: A Clinical Practice Improvement Project Health

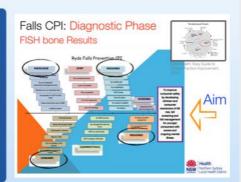
Diane Grayshon & Mandy Meehan

Emphasis is now on moving consumers with severe and enduring mental illness (SMI) out of long-term care and into the community for intensive management (Heslop et al., 2012). As a result community mental health teams are managing consumers with multiple comorbidities and complex physical risks; one of particular concern is an increase in risk of falling

Following a number of injurious falls in community dwelling adults with SMI, case managers at Ryde Community Mental Health Centre chose to adopt a continued practice improvement framework to increase consumer safety. The framework was used to improve fall identification, increase risk screening and introduce a consumer fall management programme

The aim was to engage all stakeholders, explore barriers to identifying risk using the Fishbone diagnostic technique and to create a culture of safety by developing consumer and clinician falls knowledge and awareness.

education and a community mental health service based Stepping On program, aiming to reduce fear of falling and improve strength and balance. Similarly, following peer education sessions, a surge in clinical falls knowledge and awareness enabled a cultural shift from an



NSW Northern Sydney

Key Project Developments and Outcomes

To improve consumer safety by developing consumer and staff awareness of fall risk, fall screening and fall management in younger consumers with severe and ongoing mental illness.

Age Range Consumers who fall in

hospital are younger than general patients -56 average age. (Tay et al. 2000)

Life expectancy is reduced by 14 to 23 years than the general

Physical Health

People living with SMI have

poorer physical health and ofter

receive lower quality health care

than the general population.

Comorbidities

Compared to the general population people living with SMI are;

2 x more likely to have metabolic syndrome 2 x more likely to have diabetes 5 x more likely to smoke 2 x more likely to have osteopor

(Equally Well, 2016)

Identifying Falls Risk in people with SMI

Did you know all these factors can increase a persons risk of falling?

Pain

Many people with SMI under report pain.

This can be due to a difference between pain perception and

Social

Factors

social isolation

poor health care

Education

- Staff Education Forums April Falls Month Activities
 - 2017 MHDA Staff Education Falls Not Just and Issue for Older People (66 staff in attendance across community and inpatient North Shore Ryde Mental Health
 - FROP_COM Falls screening rates increased across teams following education
- ☑ Consumer Education Forums
 - 100 + consumers have attended Falls education sessions via health forum days and Stepping On

on our CPI

Identifying Resources

- Identifying Falls Champions in each team
- Mattending Clinical Review Meetings to discuss complex care and
- Inclusion of falls risk screening in referral to the Assertive Outreach Team (AOT)
- Identifying pathways and Support for younger consumers Accessing NDIS
- OPMHS Stepping On, OPMHS Health & Wellness Groups, HEAL program, Ryde MHS annual Health Forums, OPMHS Physical Health Cards
- 2018 Yoga Program (8 weeks), Exercise Physiologist group strength & Balance classes

Medication Antipsychotics and

Antidepressants increase your risk of falling

Behavioural **Factors**

tal state impacts on fall risk agitation impulsivity poor judgement

ecrease alertness

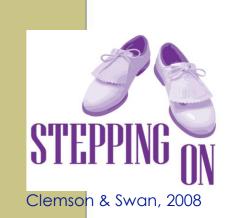
Stepping On with Recovery

An Update

Mandy Meehan Team Leader Ryde OPMHS



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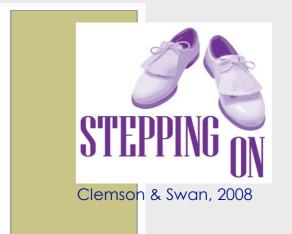
2013 Stepping On: SMSHOP Pilot

- 10 Participants (all female)
 - 70% Depression & Anxiety
 - 30% Psychotic Illness
- 90% participants reported decreased psychological distress (measure; Kelser 10+)
- 90% improvement in all Strength & Balance test (TUG, Near Tandem Stance, Sit to Stand)
- 1 x Participant no Post evaluation measures taken

Opportunities for **Future** research Evidence Positive Based Outcomes Program **Stepping On** Easy to Transferable implement to Mental with training Mental Health & support Health



STEPPING ON WITH RECOVERY



LINKING COMMUNITY MENTAL HEALTH CONSUMERS TO EVIDENCE BASED FALLS PREVENTION

The nature of falls experienced by older people living in the community with a mental illness: A qualitative study.

Investigators:

Assoc. Prof. Lynette Mackenzie (University of Sydney)

Dr Meryl Lovarini (University of Sydney)

Mandy Meehan (Occupational Therapist, NSLHD)

Diane Grayshon (Clinical Nurse Specialist, NSLHD)

Ling Koh (MOT research student, University of Sydney)



Advanced Health Research and Translation Centre

Medical Research Future Fund Rapid Applied Research
Translation funding - Round 3

A tailored falls prevention program for older people with mental illness

Dr Meryl Lovarini NSLHD





Northern Sydney Local Health District

Easy to implement with training & support

Stepping On & Mental Health

Transferable to Mental Health

